Autonomous Control of Sewer Networks Stream Marco Eulogi, Dr Alma Schellart,

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1. BACKGROUND



Urbanisation, rapid population growth and more **INTERSE** intense rainfall events are placing **urban drainage networks** under significant operational pressure.

CENTAUR^{TM 1} is a real-time control system that utilizes the insewer storage of a sewer network to minimize flood volumes and CSO spills. The system commands Flow Control Devices (FCDs) to maximise the use of storage capacity during rainfall events.

CENTAUR[™] has been successfully implemented in the Coimbra sewer network (Portugal), with a FCD capable to influence water level at a single target location (flooding manhole).



4. METHODOLOGY

Identify optimal locations to install single FCD within sewer network

- Identify **potential FCD locations** (i.e. manholes);
- Automatically **implement** and **test** single FCD at different locations to assess the system performance.

Implement and test CENTAUR[™] with multiple FCDs deployed at different locations within sewer network

- Develop a single objective optimisation tool (e.g. minimize flood volume);
- Develop a multi-objective optimisation tool (e.g. minimize flood volume, minimize flooding damage);
- Develop a **decision support system** to consider sewer flooding and CSO spills simultaneously.

Demonstrate operational benefits

2. PROJECT AIM



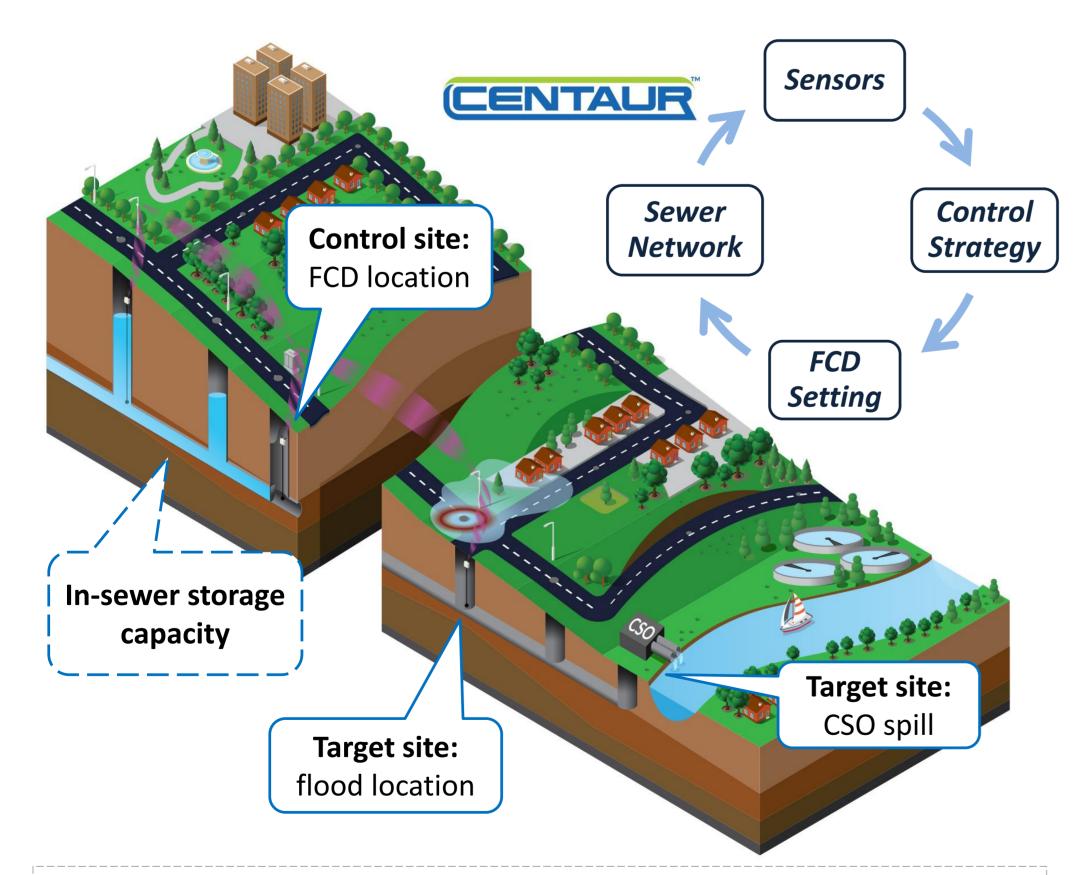
The aim of this research is to develop a decision support system to determine the **optimal location** and control strategy of FCDs implemented at multiple sites within a sewer network.

3. CHALLENGES



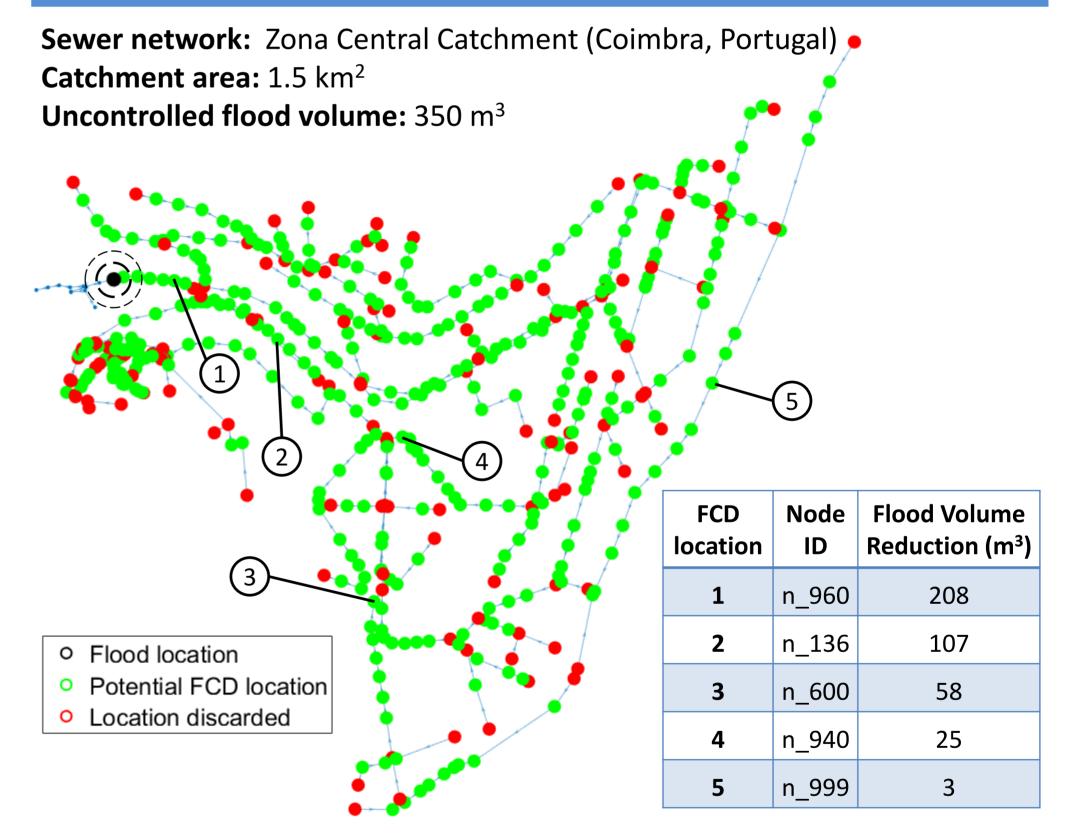
Assessing the effects of FCDs on the hydraulic behaviour of sewer networks is a **complex** and **time consuming** process. It is mainly due to:

- Number of **possible configurations** (number and location of Ο FCDs within the network), especially with extended drainage systems;
- **Computational effort** demanded to assess the system Ο performance through hydraulic analysis.



- Hydraulic simulation of **long-term** continuous **rainfall** events;
- Investigate associated risks to stormwater management with sewer flooding and CSO spills occurring simultaneously.

5. INITIAL RESULTS



The analysis performed indicates that **flood reduction** is influenced by the

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www.stream-idc.net

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hydrological characteristics of the network and the position of the FCD relative to the flood location.

6. OUTCOMES

- > Extend the range of applications of FCDs in stormwater network management;
- Deliver **new solutions** to mitigate urban flooding \succ and CSO spills, through efficient control of flows and water levels within sewer networks.







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